

Washington- Jackson Review

1. Explain the two issues that Washington warned the country about in his Farewell Address.

Political parties are evil and to stay away from foreign alliances..

2. Explain the purpose of the Alien and Sedition Act passed by John Adams and the Federalist Congress.

It was designed to keep the Republican party mute and powerless by keeping immigrants from gaining citizenship, most immigrants voted Republican, and making it illegal to write, publish, speak anything negative about the government; Congress, President, e tc.

3. Identify what was made illegal by the Sedition Act.

Speaking, publishing, writing or helping someone do these things against the government.

4. Explain the foreign policy that John Adams adopted as a result of the XYZ Affair and why.

His foreign policy was basically one of non interference, but he took steps to defend America from being bullied, for example he began to build the US Navy.. He took this stance because the French foreign ministers demanded a bribe to even negotiate a treaty with the French foreign minister.

5. Explain how Thomas Jefferson handled the foreign policy situation involving France, Britain and the United States and why.

Jefferson stayed neutral and passed the embargo act because he was trying to protect American ships and sailors from being taken.

6. Define embargo.

To not allow any trading with any foreign country.

7. Explain three results of the Embargo Act, two negative and one positive.

Sailors lost their jobs, unemployment increased, prices of goods increased because the supply was down.

Americans had to begin to manufacture goods on their own, which spurred the development of the American manufacturing industry.

8. Explain three causes of the War of 1812.

British interference with American shipping, Britian "impressment" of American sailors. Britian gave Native Americans weapons to fight against American expansion.

9. Explain the significance of the Bombing of Fort McHenry.

It was a turning point in the war because the Americans were able to keep the fort and keep the British from capturing Baltimore, it inspired Francis Scott Key to write the "Defence of Fort McHenry" which would later become the Star Spangled Banner.

10. Explain the role played by Francis Scott Key

An American lawyer who watched the bombing of Fort McHenry from a British prison barge, he wrote a poem in the early morning after seeing the American flag still waving atop the Fort.

11. Describe the importance of the Battle of New Orleans

It was the greatest American victory in the War, even though it was totally unnecessary b/c the Treaty of Ghent had been signed weeks before. Andrew Jackson gained fame for this victory and rode his fame to the Presidency.

12. Explain the role played by Andrew Jackson during the War of 1812.

American General at the Battle of New Orleans

13. Explain three of the effects of the War of 1812 and explain how the War of 1812 caused economic change in the country.

Native American resistance goes away, The Federalist party, who was against the War, loses popularity and dies out. A new sense and pride in American nationalism takes hold.

The War caused economic change in the country because we weren't able to trade with Britain during the war and were forced to manufacture our own goods.

14. Explain the effect of the Marbury v Madison ruling

It established the principle of judicial review which states that the judicial branch has the power to determine if a law is constitutional or unconstitutional.

15. Identify and explain the effect of the Monroe Doctrine.

It told the European powers that the Americas were not to be considered as subject for future colonization, basically telling the European powers to keep their hands off the Americas.

Americans were happy that Monroe was willing to stand up and defend democracy in Latin America, this became our foreign policy for the next 100 years, it proved that America was no longer weak, but a strong confident nation.

16. Explain the impact of the election of Andrew Jackson.

Before Jackson only white men who were wealthy and owned land could vote, During the election of Jackson voting laws were changed to allow even the "common" white man the right to vote. You didn't have to own land, have an education or be wealthy.

17. Explain the Nullification Crisis

South Carolina protests the tariffs on cloth to the point of secession, and believes it is a states right to disagree with any federal law and disregard that law. Henry Clay creates a compromise to resolve the issue.

18. Be able to sequence the following events from the War of 1812: Battle of New Orleans, signing of the Treaty of Ghent, Burning of Washington D.C., Bombing of Fort McHenry.

Burning of Washington D.C, Bombing of Fort McHenry, Signing of the Treaty of Ghent, Battle of New Orleans